R.E. Progression – Substantive Knowledge

	Early Years	Year One	Year Two	Year Three	Year Four	Year Five	Year Six
Christianity	Recall the main events in the Creation story in simple terms. Harvest is about saying thank you to God for creation and what they have been given. Christians believe they need to care for God's world and they should look after everything in it. God's name is special to Christians because God made the world and made them. Recall the main events in the story The Precious Pearl. Describe how Christians feel about God in simple terms. Retell the main events of the Christmas story. Christians believe that after Jesus was born, people came to visit him. Christians believe that the wise men/Magi set off when they saw the star to find the new king, but that they did not arrive straight away. Christians believe that Jesus was both God and a human at the same time. Christians call this 'incarnation', Christians call this 'incarnation', Christians call this 'incarnation', Christians (nativity, Advent, Christingle, Epiphany).	A parable is a story that Christians believe Jesus told to teaching people something about God. The main events of the story of The Prodigal Son. The parable of the Lost Son teaches about forgiveness. There are four different prayer types used by Christians: praise, saying sorry, saying thank you, asking. The main events in the story of Jonah and the Whale. Incarnation" originally comes from the Latin word caro, meaning "flesh," and refers to the belief that Jesus Christ was "made flesh" when he was born. Recall the main events in the Christmas story. Advent is an important time of the year for Christians as it gives them time to prepare for Christmas Day. Advent is an beginning or end to God's love. There are five candles on the wreath. The candles are lit each Sunday before Christmas Day.	The main events in Matthew's story. Who Jesus chose to follow him. These were called disciples. Jesus told stories about forgiveness as part of his teaching. Christians may pray when they feel troubled. The Good News Jesus brings are peace, love, forgiveness and eternal life. Christians use prayers for praise, thanks, saying sory, to ask. The Lords Prayer is an important Christian prayer. Salvation mans being saved or	Creation is very near the beginning of the 'Big Story'. The five ideas in the Big Story are ordered - God, Creation, Incarnation, Gospel, Salvation. All the little stories from the Bible fit somewhere into the 'Big Story'. Keywords from the Creation story - God, said, day, evening, moming, good, created. They are repeated in the story. Recall the main events in the story of creation from Genesis. Christians see the world as God's, and feel that people should be like stewards or caretakers, looking after God's good earth.	Four gospels, books in the New Testament, traditionally thought of as having been written by Matthew, Mark, Luke and John. There were 12 disciples who followed Jesus. Simon, Peter and Andrew were known as 'Fishers of Men'. Christians today believe they are called to be fishers of men as the Bible teaches that they should share Jesus' good news with others.	Holy means :God is awesome and amazing. God is morally pure and hates sin — God is separate from human beings, who are sinful loving means: God wants the very best for human beings, is kind and forgiving, and does a lot to care for them. Omnipotent means God is all- powerful. Omniscient means God knows all things. Eternal means God created time and is not limited by it — God is outside time: God does not get old like human beings. Spirit means God is not physical — God does not have a body.	A Saviour is someone who wants to save someone from a particular situation. Know the elements of the Big Story of the Bible (creation, fall, people of God, Incarnation, gospel, salvation, kingdom of God). The saviour can bring humanity bac into a relationship with God. Historically God's people needed a rescuer because the land was occupied by Romans. Theologically they needed a rescue because of the actions of Adam and Eve. There were seven expectations of Micah and Isiah. Jesus' birth is believed to be the incarnation of God. Christ means anointed one. Know the difference between secula and religious.

		separation from God by the death and resurrection of Jesus Trinity. This is the 'complete relationship' between God (the Father), Jesus (his son) and the Holy Spirit Palm Sunday is the day where Jesus rode into Jerusalem. He fulfilled Old Testament prophecies which said that this would happen when the "king" came. Christians believe in the Trinity. This is the complete relationship between God (the Father), Jesus (his son) and the Holy Spirit. Christians believe that Jesus is the Son of God, he was put to death on Good Friday and rose from the dead on Easter Sunday					
World View	Christians believe that everyone, including children are welcome in God's family. Religious people also wear symbols to show that they belong to their religious worldview. Christians want to welcome people into God's family. They do this as adults, and some do this for babies. It is called baptism. Allah means God in Arabic. God is the most important being in a Muslim's life. The Prophet Muhammad shared words from Allah with Muslims.	Christians and Jewish people believe we are all made in the image of God and we are all individuals. Readings from the Bible teach Christians about being unique and special to God. Psalm 8 tells Jewish people how important they are to God. Jewish people believe in Tzedakah – giving to charity makes the world a better and fair place. Recall the main events from the story of Moses. Sukkot celebrates the gathering of the harvest and commemorates the miraculous protection G-d provided for the children of Israel when they left Egypt.	God. A font is used for baptism. A cross reminds us of Jesus. Muslims worship at home or in a mosque. Traditional mosques have a tall minaret where the call to prayer is said from. Jewish people worship in a synagogue.	the world a better place. Humanists believe we won't get help from any Gods or Goddesses, but we can make the world better ourselves. Muslims believe that Allah has shown the path of Islam as the way to follow. If we follow the path, it will make a better world. Christians believe God came to earth (in Jesus) to rescue us and repair the	journey and others take a journey that is a mixture of the two. (eg weddings from different worldviews, believer's baptism, baby welcoming ceremonies, infant baptism, funerals etc). People's beliefs can guide and reassure them during difficult times. Baptism is a way of Christians welcoming the baby, child or adult into the church (Christian family). Confirmation means that the believer becomes a full adult member of the church and can take communion. Girls become bat mitzvah and enter adulthood at the age of 12 or 13 and boys become bar mitzvah, entering adulthood at 13. Understands the Hindu terms Dharma, deity, Trimurti, cycle of life and death, reincarnation. In the sacred thread ceremony, the child is given a 'sacred thread' which they must wear all their life, a new thread must be put on before an old one can be removed. The thread goes over the left shoulder and under the right arm and are worn under clothes. Many religious couples try to marry for life (non-religious couples usually	but not in gods or heaven is called a humanist. Humanists don't follow holy books like the Bible or Torah. Instead, they say 'use your mind!' Being non-religious is becoming more common. Recall the main messages from The Two Wolves story. Morality: to do with what is good and evil, right and wrong. Moral behaviour is what is good. Values: the moral ideas which an individual or community holds and which impact their behaviour. EG: Humanist morality emphasises individual autonomy and empathy. Christian morality emphasises trust in God and following Jesus. Authority: the basis on which we decide our beliefs and values. Some Christians talk about the authority of the church, the Bible or the revelation of God in Jesus. Some Humanists are sceptical of claims to	Agnostic means a person who does not know whether or not God exists. Atheist means somebody who believes that God does not exist. Theist means someone who believes in God. The LAMBI scale is an acronym for Limitless, Authoritarian, Mystical, Benevolent, Ineffable. A theologian is someone who studies and talks about God and religious beliefs in a thoughtful and methodical way. Theologian comes from two Greek words: 'theos' (meaning God) and 'logos' (meaning word or discussion).

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	Christians believe Jesus was both				within a marriage, try to be faithful to	Golden rule: the principle of treating	
	God and human and came to earth				their partner, make a home together	others as you would like to be	
	to help people.					treated by them.	
	Jewish stories are told in the holy				God's rules.		
	book - Torah.						
	Some stories from the Bible are also						
	special to Jewish people because						
	they are found in the Jewish holy						
	text, the Torah.						
	A special Jewish story is David and						
	Goliath.						
	Qur'an is the holy text for Muslims.						
	The Qur'an is kept on the highest						
	shelf, and you need to wash your						
	hands before unwrapping the book.						
	Muslims believe the Prophet						
	Muhammad was first given the						
	Qur'an by Allah at mount Hira						
	,						The set has a set of the set of t
Judaism	Jewish stories are told in the holy	The Star of David is the symbol of	The Jewish Holy books (Tenakh)	During Shabbat, Jewish people	Shavuot means 'weeks' and is also	Kosher means anything that is	Tenakh: Written in Hebrew and the
	book - Torah.	Judaism.	contain core beliefs and stories	remember the story of creation from		acceptable to Jewish Law.	first five books are the Torah:
	Some stories from the Bible are also	Many Jewish people put a Mezuzah	including the Creation Story in which		Shavuot has no fixed date and is the		Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers
	special to Jewish people because				least celebrated of all Jewish festivals		and Deuteronomy.
	they are found in the Jewish holy	remember the words of the Torah		day.	Many years ago, Jewish people	There are six items on the Seder	Sometimes the whole of the Jewish
	text, the Torah.	inside it.	As the Jewish weeks start on a	Recall the main events at a Saturday	would harvest their first wheat and	plate. Each of the six items arranged	Bible is referred to as the Torah.
	A special Jewish story is David and	Shabbat is the day of rest.	Sunday, Saturday is the 7th day, the	morning Shabbat service.	fruits. These would be taken to the	on the plate has special significance	Torah (first five books): Jewish belief
	Goliath.	The sacred text for Jewish people is	day of rest – Shabbat.	Jewish people celebrate Shabbat as a	Temple in a special basket to be	to the retelling of the story of	is that the Torah was given to Moses
		the Torah.	The law books attributed to Moses	reminder of the Covenant and an	blessed. This ritual is called Bikkurim.	Passover.	by God.
		Hannukah lasts for 8 days and nights.	include the 10 commandments - one	occasion to rejoice in God's kept	Shavuot is the only time Jews might	Understand the difference between	The teachings of the Torah influence
		, , ,		promises.	desire to study all night. This is	Orthodox and Progressive Judaism.	all Jewish life as Jews are required to
			Shabbat (Sabbath) is celebrated both	1°	known as Tikkun.		follow the 613 mitzvot
			in the home and the synagogue and		Prayer is an important part of the		(commandments or laws) which were
			the main requirement is that no work		Shavuot celebration, especially the		expanded from the original 10
			should be attempted from sunset on		Shema. This is found in Deuteronomy		commandments given to Moses.
				other with L'shanah tovah, which	6: 4-9		5
			Friday until sunset on Saturday.		0. 4-9		Prayer: There are three daily periods
			The start of Shabbat is marked with a				of prayer; early morning, afternoon
			special meal and ceremony in the	Many Jewish families will spend			and evening
			home.	some of Rosh Hashanah at a			Synagogue: The main place for
			When worshipping, Jews wear a skull				community worship is the
			cap called a kippah. This is usually	One of the traditions of Rosh			synagogue. A synagogue is the
			worn by men as a sign of respect to	Hashanah is to blow a big horn			centre of the community as well as a
			God.	called a Shofar. One hundred notes			place to meet, worship and pray
				are blown on the horn to create a			Bar/Bat Mitzvah: The Jewish initiation
				special rhythm.			ceremony is called Bar or Bat
				During Rosh Hashanah, food is also			Mitzvah.
				really important. Slices of apple are			Shabbat (Sabbath): Shabbat is
				dipped in honey to symbolise a			celebrated both in the home and the
				sweet new year ahead. Honey cake is			synagogue and the main
				eaten too.			requirement is that no work should
				Yom Kippur means Day of			be attempted from sunset on Friday
				Atonement. It is the most sacred and			until sunset on Saturday.
							until sunset on saturday.
				solemn day in the Jewish calendar. It			
				is a day to reflect on the past year			
				and ask God's forgiveness.			
				Pesach / Passover is a celebration of			
				the story of Exodus. During Passover,			
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Islam	words from Allah with Muslims. Mosques are special places to Muslims. The crescent moon and star is a symbol for Muslims. Mosques have the Qur'an and Islamic art. Qur'an is the holy text for Muslims. The Qur'an is kept on the highest shelf, and you need to wash your hands before unwrapping the book. Muslims believe the Prophet Muhammad was first given the	Many Muslims try to remember the 99 Beautiful Names of Allah from the Qur'an. The 5 pillars of Islam are 5 things Muslims do to keep their faith strong.	Muslims believe in Allah. Allah is the Arabic word for God. The 5 pillars of Islam are 5 things Muslims do to keep their faith strong. Recall the main events in the story of Muhammad and the Cats. Prophet Muhammad was visited by the angel Jibril (Gabriel). Prophet Muhammed first heard the words of Allah on Jabal al-Nour which translates to "Mountain of Light." The angel commanded him to recite the words before him. Muhammad had never been taught to read or write but he was able to recite the words.	trusting Allah with everything that they have. The Five Pillars of Islam are the five obligations that every Muslim must satisfy in order to live a good and responsible life according to Islam. The Five Pillars consist of: • Shahadah: sincerely reciting the Muslim profession of faith • Salat: performing ritual prayers in the proper way five times		The five pillars of Islam are important to people. (Shahadah, Salah, Sawm, Zakah, Hajj) Know what each pillar of Islam means to Muslims. The largest groups of Muslims in the UK follow the Sunni or the Shi'a traditions. Recognise the difference between purpose built mosques and converted mosques. Ibadah means worship.	Muslims, but it is also believed to be the actual words of Allah spoken in Arabic. Many Muslims will learn Arabic specially to understand the Qur'an. Many Muslims take lessons in how to speak Arabic, including schoolchildren. The Qur'an is respected in many ways including: Being put on a stand when used, so it is not over touched. When not used it is wrapped in a clean cloth When not being read it
	Qur'an by Allah at mount Hira		Muslims believe that the Prophet Muhammad received the Qur'an, which is the most important Islamic holy book and the only one to contain the pure word of Allah.	 each day Zakat: paying an alms (or charity) tax to benefit the poor and the needy Sawm: fasting during the month of Ramadan Hajj: pilgrimage to Mecca Muslims believe that the words in the Qur'an were first given to the Prophet Muhammad at Mount Hira. Tawhid means the 'oneness of God'. Wudu is the ritual washing performed in preparation for prayer and worship. Many Muslims pray in the mosque. Sawm means fasting from dawn until dusk during Ramadan, one of the Five Pillars of Islam. Eid-al-Fitr start the day with something sweet give and wear new clothes communal prayer early in the day share gifts elders give children money called eidiyah donate to those less fortunate visit loved ones 			should be the highest book in the room • Never being placed on the floor • Hands being washed before it is touched. • You must be in the right frame of mind – concentrate on Allah Muslims believe the Qur'an gives information on how to live life the way Allah would want.
Sanatana Dharma	Raksha Bandhan is a Hindu festvial. Raksha Bandhan festival is when brothers and sisters show their love	N/a	N/a	For many Hindus the Aum symbol is a sacred symbol that describes Brahman.	Hindu Dharma started in India.	Sanatanis believe in Brahman as the one true God who is formless, limitless, all-inclusive, and eternal.	Know what the trimurti is and why it is important.

	for one another and share their			Brahman is an energy in the universe	A mandir is a place where many	Worship can be performed alone at	Atman is the name given to the spark
	intention for caring for each other					home or in a mandir/temple with	of Brahman in everything. It is both
	internion for caring for each other			Hindus, Brahman is the divine or the		others (Puja)	in animals and humans.
				supreme being.	Hindus call their worldview 'Sanatana		Atman is pure, eternal and
				Namaste: Bowing slightly and putting		(Puja)	unchanging.
				hands together, means 'The spark of		The Vedas are the oldest of the	Retell the main events in the story of
				God in me bows to the spark of God			'The Man in the Well.'
				in you'.	Aum (Om) symbol is a sacred syllable		Samsara means the cycle of life –
				Atman is the spark of Braham in	representing creation. It is recited at		death and rebirth.
				everything.	the beginning and ending of prayers.		Karma means actions have
				, , ,	Brahman deity shows creation.	namely	consequences even into the next life.
				any harm to other living things	Ganesh deity shows intelligence and		Hindus have five daily duties
				The word 'trimurti' means 'three	wisdom.	the soul (Atman) from the cycle of	(worship, studying sacred texts,
				forms'. In the trimurti, Brahma is the	Laksmi deity shows wealth and	rebirth.	reflecting on teaching and actions of
				creator, Vishnu is the preserver and	prosperity.	- Dharma - the code for	wise people, providing food for
				Shiva is the destroyer.	Saraswati deity shows knowledge,	leading your life – including duties	people and animals in need,
				Brahma, the deity, is not the same as	music and creative arts.	- Artha – Being	welcoming guests).
				Brahman.	The word 'trimurti' means 'three	prosperous legally – this includes	Dharma' – the eternal way, rather
				Lakshmi is the consort of the god	forms'. In the trimurti, Brahma is the	earning money through doing a job	than Hindu Dharma or Hinduism.
				Vishnu and the goddess of wealth	creator, Vishnu is the sustainer and	beneficial to others. Earning wealth	Ahimsa means non-violent.
				and purity in Hindu mythology.	protector and Shiva is the	benefits the community as well as	Moksha means the ultimate goal.
				Lord Ganesh is one of the most	transformer / recycler.	self.	
				popular and known as the elephant	Recognise key features of Hindu	- Karma- this includes	
				deity. Ganesh is the son of Lord Shiva	worship (bell, flowers, diva lamp,	desire and a passion for life	
				and the goddess Parvati.	water in a pot, spoon, murti, fruit,		
				Shiva is one of the three main gods	incense, aum symbol, Ganesh Murti).		
				in Hinduism. Shiva is known as the	Dharma is central to how many		
				destroyer god because he removes	Hindus try to live their lives.		
				all evil from the world.			
Buddhism	N/a	N/a	This is the story of a prince who gave		Most Buddhists believe that we live	Many Buddhists believe in The Three	, , ,
			up all his riches to try to find out the		many times – this is called	Jewels / Refugees.	behind.
			meaning of life, why there is	your life in the right way.	reincarnation.	A jewel is something of value - A	Buddha's teachings included concern
			5		Each life we have depends on how	refuge is a safe place – often in	with what life is like and others were
			stop this.	unhappiness were often caused by	good a life we led last time.	difficult times.	concerned with how to live a good
			The prince was kept in a big palace	not understanding what life was like.	, , ,	The Three Refuges/Jewels are	life.
				Buddha decided to try to live his life		• the Buddha, (the yellow jewel),	The Noble Eightfold Path outlines
			king.		The aim of life is to finally break out	• the Dharma/Dhamma (teachings),	eight ways that the Buddha
			When he left the palace he saw things that shocked him. He saw old	not just think about himself. Buddhists today look at what	of the cycle of rebirth – this is called reaching Nirvana.	(the blue jewel), • and the Sangha (the community)	suggested could help people live a good life. Right living and right
			5	happened in the Buddha's life and	Many Buddhists believe that the		intention are the ones we focus on.
			age, sickness, death and a holy man. He spent many years trying to find	try to learn how his teachings like the		(the red jewel)	Metta – loving kindness
			out why life involves difficult times.		Enlightenment means to understand		Intention – the reason we do
			He realised that suffering was often	them.	and realise the truth about life.		something (motive) – what we are
			caused by people being greedy or		Many Buddhists hope to follow the		aiming to achieve.
							Consequence – something that
			selfish	help Buddhists understand how they	nath laid out by the Buddha and gain		
			selfish. Buddha thought that he could help	help Buddhists understand how they should approach life			
			Buddha thought that he could help	help Buddhists understand how they should approach life.	enlightenment.		happens because of an action
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish and greedy way – these became a		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings concern how we should behave in		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of life, death and rebirth – this came
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish and greedy way – these became a key part of his teachings.		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings concern how we should behave in our daily lives.		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of life, death and rebirth – this came from the Sanatana Dharma (Hindu)
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish and greedy way – these became a key part of his teachings. Buddhists look to the Buddha as a		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings concern how we should behave in our daily lives. The Buddha said that if we do 8		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of life, death and rebirth – this came from the Sanatana Dharma (Hindu) tradition.
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish and greedy way – these became a key part of his teachings. Buddhists look to the Buddha as a role model.		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings concern how we should behave in our daily lives. The Buddha said that if we do 8 things in the right way, we have a		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of life, death and rebirth – this came from the Sanatana Dharma (Hindu) tradition. They believe our actions in this life
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish and greedy way – these became a key part of his teachings. Buddhists look to the Buddha as a role model. Many will follow the Buddha's		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings concern how we should behave in our daily lives. The Buddha said that if we do 8 things in the right way, we have a chance of achieving enlightenment.		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of life, death and rebirth – this came from the Sanatana Dharma (Hindu) tradition.
			Buddha thought that he could help people live their life in a less selfish and greedy way – these became a key part of his teachings. Buddhists look to the Buddha as a role model.		enlightenment. Most of the Buddha's teachings concern how we should behave in our daily lives. The Buddha said that if we do 8 things in the right way, we have a		happens because of an action Most Buddhists believe in a cycle of life, death and rebirth – this came from the Sanatana Dharma (Hindu) tradition. They believe our actions in this life have an impact on the life you have

Accepting that suffering happens is a part of life Buddhists will try to lead a good life	should be aware of the consequences of our words and actions.
as it will help them achieve their own personal enlightenment	

R.E. Progression – Disciplinary Knowledge (Skills)

	Early Years	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Making sense of beliefs		Identify the core beliefs and concepts studied and give a simple description or what they mean.		Identify and explain the core beliefs and concepts studied, suing examples from sources of authority in religions.
	Recognise and retell stories connected with celebration of Easter. Say why Easter is a special time for Christians.	Give examples of how stories show what people believe (e.g. the meaning behind a festival. Give clear, simple accounts of what stories and other texts mean to believers.	Make clear links between texts / sources of authority and the key concepts studied. Offer suggestions about what texts / sources of authority can mean and give examples of what these sources mean	, ,
Understanding the impact	thank their Creator. Recall simply what happens at a traditional Christian festival (Christmas).	believers put their beliefs into action.	Describe how people show their beliefs in how they worship and in the way they live.	Make clear connections between what people believe and how they live, individually and in communities. Using evidence and examples, show how and why people put their beliefs into action in different ways e.g. in different communities, denominations or cultures.
Making connections	puzzling or wonderful and also about their own experiences and feelings	Think, talk and ask questions about whether the ideas they have been studying have something to say to them.	· · ·	Make connections between the beliefs and practices studied, evaluating and explaining their importance to different people (e.g. believers and atheists).

Think about the wonders of	of the natural Give a good reason for the	e views they Raise important questions and su	uggest Reflect on and articulate lessons people
world, expressing ideas an	d feelings. have and the connections	5	5 5 71
Talk about what people do the world and what they d		practices studied might make a difference to how pupils think an	studied, including their own responses, nd live. recognising that others may think differently.
after it.		Give good reasons for the views	they
		have and the connections they m	nake. Consider and weigh up how ideas
Talk about people who are them.	e special to		studied in this unit relate to their own experiences and experiences of the world today, developing insights of
Say what makes their fami special to them.	ly and friends		their own and giving good reasons for the views they have and the connections they make.
Talk about ideas of new lif	e in nature.		